## Mental Maths Progression of Skills

| Number and Place Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Skill | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  | Counting forwards and backwards in 1s to 20- teen numbers. Order a set of consecutive numbers to 10. | Counting forwards and backwards in 1s to 20 - teen numbers. <br> Order a set of consecutive and then random numbers to 20. | Counting forwards and backwards in 1s to 100. <br> Order a set of random numbers to 100 <br> Compare numbers using symbols < and < | Count in 100, 10s, 1s from any number to 1000. <br> Order a set of random numbers to 1000 <br> Compare numbers using symbols < and < up to 1000 | Count in 1s across boundaries 1000, 10,000, 100,000 <br> Order a set of random numbers to 100,000 <br> Compare numbers using symbols < and <up to 100,000 | Count in 1s forwards and backwards across boundaries 1000 10,000, 100,000, 1000, 000 Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least $1,000,000$ and determine the values of each digit. Eg What is the value of the 6 in 681,927? | Count in 1s forwards and backwards across boundaries 1000 10,000, 100,000, 1000, 000+ Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 10,000,000 and determine the values of each digit eg what is the vale of 8 in $8,239,146$ ? |


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|  |  | Counting forwards in multiples of 10 to 100. <br> Counting forwards and backwards in 1s to 100. <br> Adding any number to 10 eg $\begin{aligned} & 10+5 \\ & 10+7 \end{aligned}$ | Counting forwards/backwards in 10s and 1s to 100 (mixed counting). Eg 20, 30, 40 etc 20, 30, 31, 32, 33 etc 80, 70, 60 etc | Add 100 to any 2/3digit number e.g. $45+100$ $145+100$ <br> Add multiples of 100 to any $2 / 3$ digit number $\begin{aligned} & 45+200 \\ & 145+200 \\ & 145+700 \end{aligned}$ <br> (regrouping) | Count in 10, 100s, 1000s forwards and backwards across boundaries 1000 10,000, 100,000 What is $10,100,1000$ more/less than ....? Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 <br> Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Count in 10, 100s, 1000s } \\ & \text { forwards and backwards } \\ & \text { across boundaries } \\ & 1000 \\ & 10,000,100,000 \text {, } \\ & 1000,000 \\ & \text { What is 10, 100, } 1000 \\ & \text { more/less than ...? } \\ & \text { Counting forwards and } \\ & \text { backwards in powers of } \\ & 10 \text { from any given } \\ & \text { number up to 1,000,000 } \\ & \text { e.g. } 30,60,90 \text { etc } \\ & \text { count in 10,000s from } \\ & 329,109 \\ & \text { round any number up to } \\ & 1000000 \text { to the nearest } \\ & 10,100,1000,10000 \\ & \text { and 100 000 } \\ & \text { Round decimals with two } \\ & \text { decimal places to the } \\ & \text { nearest whole number } \\ & \text { and to one decimal place } \\ & \text { Interpret negative } \\ & \text { numbers in context, } \\ & \text { count forwards and } \\ & \text { backwards with + and - } \\ & \text { numbers including zero } \\ & \text { eg continue the } \\ & \text { sequence }-7,-14,-21 \\ & \text { etc } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Count in } 10,100 \mathrm{~s} \text {, } \\ & 1000,10,000 \text { s } \\ & \text { forwards and } \\ & \text { backwards across } \\ & \text { boundaries } \\ & 100,000, \\ & 1000,000+ \\ & \text { What is } 10,100 \text {, } \\ & 1000 / 10000 \\ & \text { more/less than ....? } \\ & 1 \text { million - } 1 \\ & 1 \text { million - } 5 \text { etc } \\ & \text { What is } 0.1,0.01 \text { more } \\ & \text { than/less than ....? } \\ & \text { Round any whole } \\ & \text { number to a required } \\ & \text { degree of accuracy } \\ & \text { Eg round } 3,819,278 \text { to } \\ & \text { nearest million. } \\ & \text { round any whole } \\ & \text { number or decimal to } \\ & \text { a required degree of } \\ & \text { accuracy } \\ & \text { Use negative numbers } \\ & \text { in context and } \\ & \text { calculate intervals } \\ & \text { across zero eg What is } \\ & \text { difference between - } \\ & 37.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { and } 29.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |


| Addition and Subtraction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Skill | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  | Partitioni <br> ng 3/4 <br> objects in <br> different <br> ways <br> Number <br> bonds to <br> 5 <br> Knowing <br> 1 <br> more/less <br> than <br> numbers <br> to 5/10 <br> Counting <br> all- <br> combinin <br> g groups <br> Counting <br> on to add <br> from any <br> number. <br> Knowing <br> 1 less <br> than <br> numbers <br> to 5 <br> Counting <br> back to <br> subtract | Adding/subtracting 1 more/less to any number up to 100 Number bonds to 5 extending to 10 Counting on from largest number/reordering numbers to add Eg $1+8$ <br> Counting on/back in 1 s to add/subtract any 1 digit number to teens number. $\operatorname{Eg} 13+5,17-2$ <br> Partition numbers to 10 (using concrete resources for number bonds) to find addition and subtraction facts. E.g. $\begin{aligned} & 8+2=10 \text { so } 8+3= \\ & 8+2+1 \\ & 10-2=8 \text { so } 11-2= \end{aligned}$ $9$ <br> Number bonds to 10 <br> Number bonds to 20 $8+2=10 \text { so } 18+2=$ <br> 20 $10-8=2 \text { so } 20-18$ $=2$ | Recall number bonds to 20 and use this to find bonds to 18,19 Add 3 numbers where bond to 10 evident. <br> Reorder numbers to add. <br> E.g. $7+4+3$ <br> Partition numbers (1 number) using number bonds to add/subtract (reordering numbers) e.g. $\begin{aligned} & 8+7=8+2+5 \\ & 13-5=13-(3-5) \\ & 16+5(16+4+1) \end{aligned}$ <br> Subtracting any single digit number from a multiple of 10. <br> e.g. 80-7 <br> (knowledge of bonds to 10) | Add any multiple of 10 to a $2 / 3$ digit number. <br> e.g. $\begin{aligned} & 153+20 \\ & 153+70 \end{aligned}$ <br> (regrouping) <br> Subtract any <br> multiple of 10 from <br> a $2 / 3$ digit number. <br> e.g. <br> 153-20 <br> 153-70 <br> (regrouping) <br> Counting in 10s <br> Eg Use number bonds/partitioning $153-(50+20)$ <br> To subtract many amounts, combine to add first in context. eg £1-(20p-30p) £1-50p | Add any multiple of 10 to a 4 digit number. <br> e.g. $2153+20$ <br> $2153+70$ (regrouping) <br> Add any multiple of 100 to a 4 digit number. <br> e.g. $\begin{aligned} & 2153+100 \\ & 2153+300 \\ & 2153+900 \\ & \text { (regrouping) } \end{aligned}$ | Add any multiple of 10/100 to a 4 digit number $\begin{aligned} & \text { e.g. } 2153+110 \\ & 2153+330 \\ & 2153+350 \\ & 2153+910 \\ & 2153+950 \end{aligned}$ <br> Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers eg what is $12,463-23,000 ?$ | Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers eg 700,000-904 <br> Use knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations eg what is $2+7 \times 6$ ? <br> Solve addition and subtractions multistep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why eg How much change from $£ 10$ if you spend $£ 1.45$ and then $£ 2.57$ ? <br> Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers eg $7000 \times 0.9$ |


| Addition and Subtraction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Skill | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  | Counting in multiples of 10 s <br> Representing 2 digit numbers using concrete resources. What changes/stays the same when you add/subtract 1, 10? | Add 1 to any number to 100. <br> Counting in 10s from any number (forwards/backwards ) <br> Add/subtract near 10s and adjusting. <br> e. 9, 11, <br> Number bonds to 100. $70+30$ <br> Adding multiples of ten <br> e.g. $\begin{aligned} & 30+20 \\ & 30+60 \\ & 30+80 \end{aligned}$ | Add 10 to any number. $\begin{aligned} & 43+10 \\ & 143+10 \end{aligned}$ <br> Add multiples of 10 to any number. <br> 43+30 (no regrouping) $43+70$ <br> (regrouping) $143+30 \text { (no }$ <br> regrouping) $143+70$ <br> (regrouping) <br> Explain effects of adding 10. Why do 1s not change when adding 10s. <br> When will 100s change? <br> Add near multiples of 10 $\text { +99, 31, } 29 \text { etc }$ <br> Including in simple money context99p, £1.99 |  |  |  |


| Multiplication and division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Skill | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  | Double numbers to 5 <br> Halve even numbers up to 10 by sharing | Recall double numbers to 5/10 e.g. up to double 10 $=20$ <br> Doubling 1 digit numbers Eg $6+6$ <br> Adding near doubles (adjusting) e.g. $6+7$ (double 6 add 1 or double 7 subtract 1) Halve even numbers to 20. <br> Half of $20=10$ <br> Recognise odd numbers as those that cannot be shared into 2 equal groups. <br> Adding near doubles e.g. $6+7$ | Double teen numbers $16+16$ <br> Near doubles $16+17$ <br> Double multiples of 10 to 100 e.g double <br> 20 <br> Halve multiples of 10 with even number of 10s to 100 <br> Eg half of 40. <br> Focus on doubling/halving multiples of 10 with odd number of 10 s by partitioning and recombining. <br> e.g. half of 30,50, 70. $30=20+10$ <br> Half is $10+5=15$ <br> Doubling even numbers up to 100 by partitioning and recombining. <br> Halving even numbers up to 100 by partitioning and recombining. | Doubles of multiples of 10/near10s <br> $60+60$ <br> $60+70$ <br> Review doubling/halving multiples of 10 with odd number of 10 s by partitioning and recombining. <br> e.g. half of 30,50 , 70. $30=20+10$ <br> Half is $10+5=15$ <br> Double simple 3 digit numbers (multiples of 10, 50, 100) <br> e.g. double 200 double 250 | Near doubles to multiple of 10 e.g. $60+59$ <br> Double simple 3 digit numbers by recall of known facts or partitioning and recombining (multiples of 10, 50, 100) <br> e.g. double 200 double 250 double 220, half of 140 . | Near doubles to multiples of 10 or 100 e.g. 198+198 <br> Double simple 3/4 digit numbers by recall of known facts or partitioning and recombining (multiples of 10, 50, 100) <br> e.g. double 200 double 250 double 220, half of 140. <br> Double decimals to 1/2dp <br> e.g. <br> $0.3 \times 2$ (no regrouping) <br> $0.6+0.6$ or $0.6 \times 2$ <br> (regrouping) <br> Near doubles $0.16+0.17 \text { or } 0.16 \times 2$ <br> Focus on regrouping after not regrouping | Double decimals to <br> 1dp <br> e.g. <br> $0.3 \times 2$ (no regrouping) <br> $0.6+0.6$ or $0.6 \times 2$ <br> (regrouping) <br> Near doubles $0.16+0.17 \text { or } 0.16 \times 2$ <br> Focus on regrouping after not regrouping |


| Multiplication and Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Skill | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Multiplication and Division: Order of operations |  |  | Explore commutativity using arrays <br> Rewrite repeated addition as multiplication. Relationship between $5 x$ and 10x table and doubling and halving. | Multiplication and division of whole numbers by 10 exploring the effect of moving digits. <br> $6 \times 10$ <br> $10 \times 10$ <br> $16 \times 10$ <br> Use known facts to multiply and divide by multiples of 10 . <br> $6 \times 3$ <br> $6 \times 30$ <br> Reorder calculations using associative rule: <br> e.g. $4 \times 12 \times 5$ <br> $4 \times 12=48$ <br> $48 \times 5=240$ <br> $4 \times 5 \times 12$ <br> $4 \times 5=20$ <br> $20 \times 12$ <br> Knowledge of doubling e.g. <br> double $4 x$ table $=8 x$ <br> Know that... $50 \times 2=100$ <br> $25 \times 4=100$ $20 \times 5=100$ <br> Link to measure and reading scales. $\begin{array}{ll} 50 \mathrm{p} \times 2=£ 1.00 & £ 50 \times 2= \\ £ 100 & \\ 25 \mathrm{p} \times 4=£ 1.00 & £ 25 \times 4= \\ £ 100 & \\ 20 \mathrm{p} \times 5=£ 1.00 & £ 20 \times 5= \\ £ 100 & \\ 1000 \mathrm{~g}=1 \mathrm{~kg} & 1000 \mathrm{ml}=11 \\ 1000 \mathrm{~cm}=1 \mathrm{~km} & \\ 1000 \div 2=500 & 1000 \div 4=250 \\ 1 / 2 \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{km}=500 \\ 1 / \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{km}=250 \\ 3 / \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{km}=750 & \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Multiplication and division of whole numbers by 10 and 100 and multiples of. $6 \times 100$ <br> $10 \times 100$ <br> $16 \times 100$ <br> $16 \times 300$ etc <br> Distributive law $39 \times 7=30 \times 7+$ <br> $9 \times 7$ <br> Associative law and reordering calculations to make it easier, expressing equal calculations. $2 \times 6 \times 5=10 \times 6$ <br> Multiply by 50 by multiply by 100 and halving. <br> e.g. $23 \times 50=$ <br> half of $23 \times 100$ <br> Know all the table facts and the related division facts $\begin{aligned} & 500 \times 2=1000 \\ & 1000 \div 2=500 \\ & 250 \times 4=1000 \\ & 1000 \div 4=250 \\ & 200 \times 5=1000 \\ & 1000 \div 5=200 \end{aligned}$ <br> Know facts linked to measures e.g. $£ 5.00 \times 2=£ 10.00 £ 500 \times 2=$ £1000 $£ 2.50 \times 4=£ 10.00$ $£ 250 \times 4=£ 1000$ $£ 2.00 \times 5=£ 10.00$ $£ 200 \times 5=£ 1000$ <br> And corresponding division facts. | Multiplication and division of whole numbers by 10 and 100 and 1000 Use partitioning and recombining to calculate mentally $\begin{aligned} & 14 \times 1000 \\ & 14 \times 1200 \end{aligned}$ <br> Use cubed and squared to express calculations $3 \times 3 \times 5=3^{2} \times 5$ <br> Multiply pairs of multiples of 10 and 100. <br> e.g. $20 \times 300$ | Multiply and divide decimals using knowledge of place value. $3 \times 0.5$ $15 \times 0.6$ <br> Revisit mental skills of partitioning and recombining and using place value. <br> Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers eg $7000 \times 0.9$ BIDMAS |


| Multiplication and Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Skill | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Rounding and adjusting decimals in context of money. <br> Eg 3 items costing 99p or £1.99 | Rounding and adjusting Multiply by 10, 100 and 1000 and adjust <br> e.g. $99 \times 15$ <br> use $100 \times 15$ <br> Use arrays to show how to adjust. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 999 \times 16 \\ 1000 \times 16 \text { and adjust } \\ 101 \times 16 \\ \text { Explore efficiency of } \\ \text { methods } \\ \text { e.g. } \\ 20 \times 399 \\ 20 \times(400-20) \\ \text { Multiply decimals } \\ 0.99 \times 16 \end{array}$ |


| Fractions, Decimals and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Skill | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  |  | Pupils should count in fractions up to 10 , starting from any number and using the $1 / 2$ and 2/4 equivalence on the number line | count up and down in tenths | count up and down in hundredths compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths recognise and write decimal equivalents to ${ }^{1} / 4^{\text {; }}$ $1 / 2_{2} 3^{3}$ | compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. $0.71={ }^{71} /{ }_{100}$ ) <br> write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100 as a decimal fraction | Compare and order fractions including those >1 <br> eg enter the correct sign between the fractions <br> (< or >or =) 14/6 139/48 <br> Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions eg $13 / 4+21 / 2$ <br> Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions eg $3 / 4 \times 2 / 5$ <br> Divide proper fractions by whole numbers <br> Eg $1 / 3 \div 2$ <br> Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to 3DP $x$ and $\div$ numbers by 10,100 and 1000 giving answers up to 3DP eg $47 \div 1000$ <br> Multiply 1 digit number with up to 2DP by whole numbers eg $0.09 \times 12$ <br> Recall and use equivalences between F D and P <br> eg $78 \%$ as a fraction associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. 3/8) |

